

# THE COPPER COUNTRY EVENING NEWS.

Vol. IV.

Calumet, Houghton County, Michigan, Friday, January 17, 1896.

No. 57.

## OVERCOATS ON A RAMPAGE

We Have Still Quite a Few Left.

OVERCOATS formerly \$9 now	\$6.50
OVERCOATS " " " "	5.00
OVERCOATS " " " "	4.00
OVERCOATS " " " "	3.50
OVERCOATS " " " "	2.75
OVERCOATS " " " "	2.00

If your boys need coats, now is the time to buy.

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Grand.

Inverted Grand.

and Upright.

Constructed in the best possible manner, under the immediate and watchful care of one of the most expert piano-builders in the country, and possessing many valuable improvements, found in no other piano, they easily take rank as the

Highest of High Grades.

The Wonderful Tone and Remarkable Durability

of the Mehlin Piano is attested to by eminent artists throughout the country.

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Annual Statement of its Marvelous Growth.

Policies Issued.	Paid to Members.	Cash Surplus.
Jan. 1, 1892, 222	None	\$71
Jan. 1, 1893, 9,956	\$12,768.50	\$ 5,211.74
Jan. 1, 1894, 21,517	44,735.14	17,721.22
Jan. 1, 1895, 29,665	69,822.51	18,519.71
Dec. 1, 1895, 36,152	93,032.18	20,178.65

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Paid in claims to policy holders, nearly \$100,000  
Paid in claims to Duluth policy holders, over 15,000

No liabilities. No claims due and unpaid. No claims in litigation. References: Insurance Commissioner, St. Paul; R. G. Dun & Co.; Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency; Marine National Bank, Duluth.

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## WILL NOT ARBITRATE

Lord Salisbury Will Not Give in to Uncle Sam.

SO SAYS THE ST. JAMES GAZETTE.

In Commenting Upon the Speech of the Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour The Gazette Says England Will Not Submit the Venezuelan Boundary Question to Arbitration Under Any Circumstances—Latest News from the Trouble in Transvaal.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The St. James Gazette, commenting upon the speech which the first lord of the treasury, the Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, made at Manchester, says: "Mr. Balfour does not give encouragement to the diplomatic amateurs who are trying to get the Americans to believe that they are wrong and will end by knocking down. Those who have been led to believe that the Marquis of Salisbury intends to apply to Washington asking it to be good enough to arbitrate or conciliate are much mistaken, and we sincerely hope they have not been able to lead American opinion to share their error."

The Globe takes the same view of the arbitration propositions, and says: "How could a court be constituted whose decisions would be sure to command equal respect from both sides? To this day the Americans have not carried out the Bering sea award, and the arbitrators have no means of enforcing it."

BOERS ARE EXCITED.

Latest Reports from the Transvaal Say Peace Is Far Off.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A dispatch from Cape Town, South Africa, says: The Boer government has seized the cattle belonging to the reform commission. The Transvaal artillery has been increased. Sir Hercules Robinson, the governor of Cape Colony, and British high commissioner, has sent a message from Pretoria that matters have been satisfactorily arranged and that bloodshed is ended.

The Orange Free State volksraad (legislature) has adopted resolutions asking for the annulling of the charter of the British South African company. The British troops in Victoria have arrived at Cape Town, bringing 1,310 of the King's Own regiment. Hofmeyer, head of the German party in Cape Colony, deprecates Emperor William's interference.

Organizing Irishmen.

BIRMINGHAM, Mich., Jan. 17.—Colonel Michael Byrne is seeking to organize the Irishmen of the border states into battalions, ready to make a descent on Canada in case of a war between the United States and Great Britain. Byrne, who has been visiting representative Irishmen along the Detroit river frontier, has just left here for Buffalo, N. Y., where he goes to organize the Irishmen for his proposed raid. He makes no bones about what he is doing, and said that in case war was declared the Irishmen along the border would rise up as one man, ready for military duty.

Will Accept British Terms.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Cape Coast castle says that King Prempeh of Ashanti has accepted the terms of the British.

WAIF GETS A SMALL FORTUNE.

Left by the Mother Who Abandoned Her Fifteen Years Ago.

DORR, Mich., Jan. 17.—Fifteen years ago this month during a bitter storm George Granger and his wife heard a cry from their porch and on opening the door found a little girl baby, well clothed and warmly wrapped in a piece of carpet. They took the little waif into their home. There was nothing to identify the child except the name of Flossie, worked on some of her underwear. They called her Flossie Granger and gave her all the love and care that they could have given a child of their own.

The family has just received a letter and package from a lawyer in Nashville, Tenn., telling them of the death of Flossie's mother, who had left a fortune of several thousand dollars to the little girl who had parted with over fifteen years ago. Mr. Granger refused to give the woman's name, but will go to Nashville this week to secure the property for the child.

Injured by an Explosion.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 17.—A small keg of gun shells, some of them loaded, was left at the city dump, and James T. Trout, the dump keeper, and Thomas Hatcher and James Miller, helpers, attempted to sort out the good shells. Miller was smoking a pipe and a spark fell into the keg. The powder in one of the shells ignited and there was a terrific explosion, completely wrecking the building and burning all three of the men so badly they may die. W. T. Jameson, a teamster fifty feet away, was knocked off his wagon and badly injured by the force of the explosion.

Prospect of Bloodshed.

CREED, Colo., Jan. 17.—Unless a compromise is effected between the United Mine Leasing company and its employees, it seems likely there will be bloodshed in a day or two. The company suspended operations Wednesday and before the men could file a lien on the property for their unpaid wages the manager of the Amythist Mining company, appeared with papers showing the title to the \$14,000 pump and prepared to remove it. The employees of the Leasing company armed themselves and drove the others away and have since held possession. Serious trouble is feared.

California Waterway Improvement.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—The California river and harbor congress has appointed a committee to go to Washington and ask congress for liberal appropriations for the improvement of the rivers and harbors of central and northern California. The committee is composed of ex-Senator William J. Johnson of Sacramento, Hugh J. Gleaves of Shasta, W. A. Coulter of San Jose and E. McGittigan of Vallejo.

Another Minneapolis Bank Fails.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 17.—The Irish-American bank, a weak state institution, closed its doors at noon Thursday. Its suspension had been anticipated, as it was known to be weak and its few remaining depositors commenced withdrawing Wednesday when the City bank suspension was announced. Its capital stock is only \$100,000.

## MURDERED MAN'S GHOST APPEARS

Seen Dragging a Trunk of Money Stolen Many Years Ago.

TAWAS CITY, Mich., Jan. 17.—Ten years ago an old German family living in a cabin in a dismal cedar swamp, about six miles from here, was robbed by three masked men of a trunk containing a large sum of money. In fighting for their property one of the sons was killed. The robbers were captured, convicted and sentenced to state's prison for life, but the stolen box has never been recovered, and it is thought by many to be yet concealed in the neighborhood of the tragedy.

Now, after ten years, the murdered man's ghost suddenly appears. A stranger, who, so far as any person knows, had never heard of the tragedy was driving past the house at the exact hour in which, ten years before, the young man was killed. His horse began to exhibit signs of fright. It finally became unmanageable and dashed off at furious speed down the road. The driver, looking back, could distinctly see the figure of a man, who gave a dull phosphorescent light, dragging a trunk up the steps. The stranger stopped at the first house until morning, when an expedition set off to investigate.

It was found that the boards which had been nailed over the windows for years had been removed during the night, and the doors were swinging wide out, yet not a single track could be found in the snow to indicate that any person had been passing along the road just at dark the evening before. The whole affair smokes of the mysterious, and has created no small amount of excitement among the farmers who have to pass along the road in going to town.

ORDERED TO LONDON

Commander Hallington Booth Must Give Up His Work Here.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—General Booth of the Salvation Army has ordered Commander Hallington Booth to give up his command of the American Army and go to London. Why he has so ordered is a mystery. Commander Booth says he has no idea why the recall is made, nor of where he will go or of what he will do. Mrs. Booth and the babies will go with him, as will several of his personal staff, including Brigadier Perry. They will sail about the middle of March, and this is all that is known of the matter until an expected letter of explanation arrives in next week's mails. The order of recall was received by Commander Booth ten days ago, but he says it was short and formal, and told him nothing beyond the main fact. He wrote back to ask why and wherefore, and it is believed that he will make a protest against leaving the organization that he has brought to such prosperity.

The following bulletin was posted at the army's headquarters Wednesday: "It is with profound sorrow that Commander and Mrs. Booth have to notify their staff and field officers that they have received orders to prepare to relinquish their command in about nine weeks' time, and have no knowledge whatever of their successors, or the general's plans, nor have they been consulted upon the question, and any information, therefore, as to who succeeds them is entirely surmised, and so far as they are concerned is mere rumor and conjecture. The change of command is not of their seeking nor of their doing in any way, nor are they responsible."

Memorial to the Late General Poe.

DETROIT, Jan. 17.—Preliminary steps for providing an appropriate memorial to perpetuate the memory of the late General Poe were taken at Thursday's session of the lake carriers' annual meeting. The general opinion favored the erection of a bronze tablet at the Sault to commemorate his services to vesselmen, the expense to be borne by the latter. General Alger addressed the association and suggested that it adopt resolutions urging congress to grant the widow of General Poe a \$100 pension, instead of the \$50, to which General Poe's official rank entitled him. General Alger's recommendation as to the pension was adopted, and a committee of ten was appointed.

Miners on Strike.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 17.—One thousand miners at the Morris Coal company went out Thursday on account of some trouble said to be local.

Secretary Patrick McBride of the Miners' union here said he reported to him on account of the discharge of a man for producing dirty coal, but Mr. McBride believes the men would not have gone out on that account. He says some rule, no doubt agreement between miners and operators has been in the opinion of the men violated. The company headquarters are at Cleveland.

Bicycle Men on Strike.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—About thirty men employed by the Ames & Frost Bicycle company went out on a strike Thursday. The men objected to a change to a piecework schedule, preferring wages of \$1.75 to \$2 a day. They were employed in the frame making and filing departments. The strikers are union men and claim their committee was discharged by the company because a protest was made against the contemplated change. Mr. Ames denies, stating that the protest was ignored whereupon the men walked out.

Failure at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The wholesale clothing house of Kahn, Schoenbrun & Co., at Adams and Market streets, was closed by the sheriff Thursday. Deputy Sheriff Nickerson made a levy upon executions amounting in the aggregate to about \$10,000. The executions were issued upon judgments entered in the circuit court for the above amount.

Buried Under Tons of Ore.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Four tons of iron ore fell like an avalanche from the yards of the Ironclad Furnace company, Thursday morning. One of half a dozen men who were working at the base of the pile was buried and instantly killed. He was George Grubasovich, an Austrian laborer, 31 years of age.

THE DEATH RECORD

Mrs. M. E. HOLDS (Amber) prominent literary woman, at Chicago.  
NEWELL NORTH, inventor of the gilet pointed wood screw, at Akron, O.  
DAVID T. HUGHES, prominent citizen of Decatur, Ill.  
Dr. HIRSH COLLINS, well known inventor, at Amesbury, Mass.

## NOT CUBAN CITIZENS.

Leaders of the Revolution Now in Progress.

SOME OF THEM ARE AMERICANS.

Under the Circumstances the United States Government Might as Well Declare War Against Spain as to Recognize the Insurgents as Belligerents—Brief History of the Principal Leaders of the Revolt—Views of President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There are insurmountable reasons why the belligerent rights of the Cuban revolutionists may not be recognized by this government. The principal leaders of the revolution and the officials of the provisional government are either citizens of the United States or other countries than Cuba, and the president feels that we might as well declare war against Spain and be done with it as to recognize the belligerency of a party of our own citizens who are trying to destroy the government of a colony of that kingdom. Salvador Cisneros Betancourt, who was formerly known as the Marquis of Santa Lucia, but dropped his title when he became president of the Cuban republic, has been a naturalized citizen of the United States since 1873, and has never renounced his allegiance.

General, Macao and Others.

Rafael Portuondo, the minister of foreign affairs, who is seeking the recognition of the president for the provisional republic, was naturalized in New York about the same time and his family have collected \$60,000 in indemnity from Spain through our government for injuries inflicted upon them as citizens of the United States by the Spanish authorities. Carlos Roloff, the secretary of war, is a subject of the czar of Russia, a citizen of Poland, although some of his friends say that he has declared his intention to be a citizen of the United States by taking out his first papers. Maximiliano Gomez, the general-in-chief of the revolutionary army, is a citizen of Santo Domingo and is employed upon a salary by the Cuban patriots to command their armies. Jose Masco, the second in command, is a negro exile from Porto Rico, and being expelled from that country, some years ago took refuge in Cuba, where he has been a sort of black terror—a bandit king. It was he who plotted the capture of John Sherman, while that gentleman was making a tour through Cuba some years ago. It was intended to seize him, carry him off into the mountains, and hold him for ransom, with the expectation that the government of the United States would pay a large sum of money for his release.

The Minister from Cuba.

Thomas Estrada Palma, the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the Cuban republic to this government, is a naturalized citizen of the United States, and has resided in this country continuously for nearly twenty years. He was Quasada, his secretary, and the active leader of the Cuban propaganda, has been a citizen for nine years. These two gentlemen are now in Washington seeking recognition by President Cleveland of the independence and belligerent rights of the republic of Cuba, and hold commissions signed by Salvador Cisneros Betancourt, its president.

While there is no law expressly prohibiting a citizen of this country from holding office under a foreign government, the president would never receive or formally recognize a fellow citizen in the capacity of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from another government, even under ordinary circumstances. There are, however, several sections of the revised statutes which might be applied to prohibit the Cubans who have taken out naturalization papers in this country from assuming, under the existing circumstances, the duties and powers of the United States to interfere with them in their fellow patriots.

Cannot Receive Palma.

There is no doubt that the president might find plenty of authority to order their arrest and imprisonment if they would return to the United States. But, while there is no intention on the part of the United States to interfere with them, Mr. Palma has been informed by the secretary of state that for the reasons stated the president cannot recognize or even receive him as the diplomatic agent of the revolutionists. This is the fact of their citizenship in this country, although it is well understood to have been acquired in order to afford them the protection of our flag to carry them to get into trouble with the Spanish authorities, seriously complicating the Cuban situation. The president could recognize the belligerent rights of the revolutionists a great deal more readily if their leaders were citizens of Spain. In fact, the government of Spain has a good deal against us because of their hostile conduct and their destruction of property.

Havana Cut Off by Land.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—Dispatches received here from Havana say that the insurgents have cut off all means of land communication between that city and the interior except by the short railroad from Havana to Marianao, in the province of Havana, and over the still shorter railroad between Ragla and Guanabacoa, suburbs of that city. Consequently, the steamships are the only means of communication with the capital and the provinces which remain at the disposal of the authorities.

Husband Goes Crazy, Wife Drops Dead.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Jan. 17.—Hans Erickson, a farmer living six miles north of Belmond, sold a load of diseased hogs at Goodell and was arrested. When the arrest was made he became a raving maniac. Mrs. Erickson was on the street in Belmond when she was told of her husband's arrest. The shock caused her instant death. She had been suffering for some time with heart disease. Erickson has been placed in close confinement and a guard is constantly near him to see that he does not inflict injuries upon himself.

Three Outlaws Done to Death.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Jan. 17.—Fifty miles southwest of here in the Creek nation a vigilance committee ran to earth a gang of six outlaws and in the fight that followed captured and hanged to trees Tom Foley, "Wild Horse" and a half-breed named Marfina. Another outlaw was badly wounded.

Fire at Great Barrington, Mass.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Jan. 17.—Fire Wednesday night destroyed the business block and residence of James K. Parker, loss, \$100,000, partially covered by insurance.

## IOWA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Cereemonies Attending the Inauguration of General Drake.

DES MOINES, Jan. 17.—The Iowa capitol building was grandly decorated Thursday in honor of the inauguration of Governor Drake. The ceremony took place at 2:30 in the afternoon on a platform in the rotunda of the building in the presence of several thousand people. The inauguration procession formed on the west side at 1:30 and began the march to the capitol. Companies A and H of Des Moines with the governor's staff formed the military escort. Carriages in the procession were occupied by Governor Jackson and wife, General Drake and daughter, Lieutenant Governor Dungan, Lieutenant Governor Parrot, justices of supreme court, Senator Allison, General J. S. Clarkson, ex-Governor Larrabee and Sherman, members of the inauguration committee appointed by the house and senate, and other distinguished citizens.

The procession arrived at the south door of the capitol building shortly after 2 and the party went at once to the stand. Members of the legislature had arrived previously and were seated surrounding the stage. The general public crowded the corridors to the east, west and north, and a large number were in the rotunda above, where an excellent view of the stage was obtained. After music and prayer the oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Rothrock to General Drake and Mr. Parrot. General Drake then delivered his inaugural address.

SETBACK FOR QUAY.

Philadelphia Delegates to the National Convention Divided.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—United States Senator Matthew Quay made a tremendous effort Wednesday to wrench the control of the Philadelphia Republican organization from his foes, but failed. The results of the struggle were of national importance, as upon it depended whether Quay should be master of Pennsylvania's sixty-four delegates in the St. Louis convention and whether he should have the prestige of routing his political enemies in their greatest stronghold. It was a drawn battle so far as national delegates are concerned, but David Martin, the leader of the anti-Quay forces, said:

"I will retain control of the Republican organization in Philadelphia. I will have the representatives of twenty-three wards out of the thirty-seven wards, giving me a majority of nine in the city committee."

However, Senator Quay's field marshal, ex-Magistrate Durham, said that he thought Quay might win the control. But the great Republican chieftain emerged from the conflict with at least a laurel wreath. Two of the national delegates were instructed to vote for Senator Quay for president of the United States, while two other delegates were bound to Speaker Thomas B. Reed.

Naval Reserve for Canada.

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—About 100 prominent gentlemen of this city, with Lieutenant Governor Kirkpatrick as honorary president, met Thursday and formed a branch of the Navy League of Canada. The object of the association is to have a headquarters in London, England, and to have established at Halifax and Vancouver ships in which young Canadians can be drilled in gunnery, etc., thus qualifying them to take part in the naval reserve force of the empire.

Paper Dealers Fail.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 17.—The Benedict Paper company, wholesale paper dealers, have failed with liabilities of \$50,445 and assets about the same. Chattel mortgages conveying all of the company's property to seventy odd creditors, mostly eastern concerns, have been filed with the recorder of deeds. The principal creditors are the Western Paper Bag company of Batavia, Ill., which the Benedict company owes \$10,000. Poor collections is given as the cause.

Love at First Sight.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Jan. 17.—R. L. Davis, a wealthy Chicago book agent, was married to Miss Thillie Glasser of this city Wednesday. The bride was one of the dining room girls at the Hotel Straubel, where the groom stopped. Neither saw the other until they met at the hotel. It was love at first sight, and resulted in their marriage, which took place at the home of the bride's parents.

Bank Officials Arrested.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 17.—D. T. and J. H. D. Stanley, president and cashier of the Bank of Commerce, which failed Wednesday, were arrested and brought before Justice Silvers for arraignment. They were charged with fraudulent banking. Justice Silvers fixed their bonds at \$800 each and as they were unable to secure bondsmen, they were at once committed to the county jail.

Charged with "Doping" an Election Officer.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 17.—Charles A. Millman, ex-state representative and a well known local politician, was placed on trial here on a charge of administering poison in whiskey to Election Judge F. M. D. Fenton in the Forty-eighth precinct voting place at the fall election of 1894. The state claims that Fenton was poisoned to make him unconscious while crooked work was being done.

Island Counterfeit Money.

GREENVILLE, Ill., Jan. 17.—Deputy United States Marshal Chamberlain and Detective Porter of Springfield arrested Jacob Johnson at Mulberry Grove on the charge of issuing counterfeit \$5 gold pieces.

## FOR EQUAL PENSIONS.

Committee of the Grand Army Meet at Washington.

WANT CONGRESS TO LEGISLATE.

General Walker to Appear Before the House Committee on Pensions and Urge Action Favorable to Pensioners—Senator Sewell Objects to President Cleveland's Interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine—Cuban Recognition Rescued.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The pension committee of the Grand Army of the Republic met here Thursday evening to prepare for urging certain legislation by congress. Those present included: Benjamin Brook, Philadelphia, chairman; General W. W. Dudley, Washington; A. S. Shaw, Watertown, N. Y., and Attorney General Ketchum of Indiana, with General Walker, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army, as special counsel. General Walker will later appear before the house committee on pensions and urge legislation placing the pension office administration "on business principles," the stopping of "unwarranted interference with pensions through biased complaints," and will favor fixing \$50 a year as the limit of income which bars a widow from receiving a pension.

To Stop Fraudulent Operations.

General Walker said: "We want the practice of sending armies of pensioners' rights through the country at the beck and call of every one who has some personal aim to serve to stop. The Grand Army of the Republic is in favor of using every means to stop fraudulent operations, but in ninety nine cases out of one hundred it is not the pensioner guilty of fraud in cases investigated, but those personating pensioners. Among no body of men is there less fraud. We believe that, except where otherwise provided by special legislation, all pensions should be issued uniformly, the widow of a soldier receiving the same pension as the widow of a private."

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Committee Has Selected July 7 as the Date for Holding It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The national Democratic committee assembled behind closed doors all 11 o'clock Thursday to transact some executive business. The committee promptly took up the question of the date for holding the convention, and the issue was soon sharply defined by two motions, one to hold it June 2 and another that it be held July 7. The latter date was selected.

It was decided to give each city thirty minutes in which to present their claims, but a new departure was made by the adoption of a resolution requiring each city to put its guarantee in writing. This was to prevent misunderstandings in the future. Senator Morgan who held a proxy of Mr. Clayton of Alabama, talked for sometime about a proposition to change the basis of representation in the convention to two delegates for each Democratic representative in congress and two for each Democratic senator and one each for each Republican senator and representative. But he offered no motion to this effect. He may bring the question up at the convention. It was decided to allow each territory six delegates, after which the committee took a recess until 3 o'clock.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Sewell Says Cleveland Has Pressed It Beyond What It Was Intended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Sewell introduced a resolution on the Monroe doctrine in the senate Thursday. The resolution declares that the president has pressed the doctrine beyond what it was intended and that his interpretation of it will involve us in foreign complications and virtually extend a protectorate over Mexico, Central and South American states.

Call gave notice he would soon move to discharge the foreign relations committee from consideration of the resolutions for the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents in order to have the senate vote directly on the question without further delay.

Secretary Herbert Sumner.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Secretary Herbert will appear before the senate committee on naval affairs on Saturday in obedience to the summons of the committee to give what information he may have in his possession relative to the contracts made by the navy department for the use of Harveysteel steel in armor for naval vessels. The proceedings will be continued on the basis of the Chandler resolution.

Fuller's Daughter to Marry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The engagement is announced of Miss Katharine, eighth daughter of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court to Mr. Becher of Buffalo, cousin of the late Henry Ward Becher. Mr. Becher is making a brief visit to Washington. The date of the marriage is set for Feb. 17.

HINRICHSSEN SUSTAINED.

Supreme Court Upholds the Validity of the New Incorporation Fee.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 17.—The supreme court Thursday sustained the validity of the law passed by the thirty-ninth general assembly increasing the fee to be paid by corporations for licenses to organize and for the filing of certificates setting forth increase of capital stock.

The decision was rendered on a motion of the Columbian Construction company of Chicago for leave to file a petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the secretary of state to file a certificate setting forth an increase of capital stock for \$2,000,000. The company tendered the old fee of \$1, which Secretary of State Hinrichsen refused to accept, demanding \$7,100, as provided by the new law. The court sustained the demand for the petition and entered judgment against the petitioner for costs.

Failure of Cigar-makers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Seidenberg, Seidman & Co., cigar manufacturers, made an assignment Thursday to Milton S. Guttmann, with preferred preferences. Liabilities, \$400,000; assets, \$275,000. The members of the firm are Emil Seidenberg, Joseph Seidenberg and Adolph Seidman.

Sugar Importers Fail for \$125,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Perkins & Walsh, sugar importers and exporters, have assigned to Benjamin Perkins, with preferences to creditors for upwards of \$125,000. The firm was rated at \$250,000 and its credit was good.